

## Acknowledgement of Stamp Duty payment for Articles of Association

Name of office of RoC: Registrar of companies, Maharashtra, Pune

State/ Union Territory : Maharashtra

Serial Number (SRN) : D09216920

**Payment Date:** 09/06/2015

Value in Rupees: 1,000.00

Value in Words: Rupees one thousand only

Date of Generation: 12/06/2015

Corporate Identity Number (CIN): U74900PN2015PTC155381

Company Name: AUSTERE SYSTEMS PRIVATE LIMITED

Company Address: SECTOR NO 26, A SQUARE PLOT NO. ADC-34, OFFICE

NO 206 NIGDI PRADHIKARAN,

PUNE - 411044, Maharashtra, INDIA

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# THE COMPANIES ACT 2013 (A Private Company Limited by Shares)

#### ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

#### AUSTERE SYSTEMS PRIVATE LIMITED

Regulations in TABLE F OF SCHEDULE I OF COMPANIES ACT 2013 shall apply to this Company except in so far as they are not inconsistent with any of the provisions contained in these regulations and except in so far as they are hereinafter expressly or impliedly excluded or modified.

## Interpretation

- **I.** (1) In these regulations:
  - a. "the Act" means the Companies Act, 2013,
  - b. "the seal" means the common seal of the company,
  - c. "the company or this company" means AUSTERE SYSTEMS PRIVATE LIMITED
  - (2) Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these regulations shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or any statutory modification thereof in force at the date at which these regulations become binding on the company.
  - (3) The Company is a private company within the meaning of Section 2(68) of the Companies Act, 2013 and accordingly: "private company" means a company having a minimum paid-up share capital of one lakh rupees or such higher paid-up share capital as may be prescribed, and which by its articles,—
    - (i) restricts the right to transfer its shares;
    - (ii) limits the number of its members to two hundred:
      - Provided that where two or more persons hold one or more shares in a company jointly, they shall, for the purposes of this clause, be treated as a single member:
      - Provided further that—
    - (a) persons who are in the employment of the company; and
    - (b) persons who, having been formerly in the employment of the company, were members of the company while in that employment and have continued to be members after the employment ceased, shall not be included in the number of members; and
    - (iii) prohibits any invitation to the public to subscribe for any securities of the company;

#### Share capital and variation of rights

- II. (1) Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the shares in the capital of the company shall be under the control of the Directors who may issue, allot or otherwise dispose of the same or any of them to such persons, in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par and at such time as they may from time to time think fit.
  - (2) (i) Every person whose name is entered as a member in the register of members shall be entitled to receive within two months after incorporation, in case of subscribers to the memorandum or after allotment or within one month after the application for the registration of transfer or transmission or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall be provided,—
    - (a) One certificate for all his shares without payment of any charges; or
    - (b) Several certificates, each for one or more of his shares, upon payment of twenty rupees for each certificate after the first.

- (ii) Every certificate shall be under the seal and shall specify the shares to which it relates and the amount paid-up thereon.
- (iii) In respect of any share or shares held jointly by several persons, the company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate, and delivery of a certificate for a share to one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.
- (3) (i) If any share certificate be worn out, defaced, mutilated or torn or if there be no further space on the back for endorsement of transfer, then upon production and surrender thereof to the company, a new certificate may be issued in lieu thereof, and if any certificate is lost or destroyed then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the company and on execution of such indemnity as the company deem adequate, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given. Every certificate under this Article shall be issued on payment of twenty rupees for each certificate.
  - (ii) The provisions of Articles (2) and (3) shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to debentures of the company.
- (4) Except as required by law, no person shall be recognized by the company as holding any share upon any trust, and the company shall not be bound by, or be compelled in any way to recognize (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share, or any interest in any fractional part of a share, or (except only as by these regulations or by law otherwise provided) any other rights in respect of any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder.
- (5) (i) The company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by sub-section (6) of section 40, provided that the rate per cent. or the amount of the commission paid or agreed to be paid shall be disclosed in the manner required by that section and rules made there under.
  - (ii) The rate or amount of the commission shall not exceed the rate or amount prescribed in rules made under sub-section (6) of section 40.
  - (iii) The commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in the one way and partly in the other.
- (6) (i) If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, subject to the provisions of section 48, and whether or not the company is being wound up, be varied with the consent in writing of the holders of three-fourths of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of the shares of that class.
  - (ii) To every such separate meeting, the provisions of these regulations relating to general meetings shall mutatis mutandis apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be at least two persons holding at least one-third of the issued shares of the class in question.
- (7) The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking *pari passu* therewith.
- (8) Subject to the provisions of section 55, any preference shares may, with the sanction of an ordinary resolution, be issued on the terms that they are to be redeemed on such terms and in such manner as the company before the issue of the shares may, by special resolution, determine.

## <u>Lien</u>

(9) (i) The company shall have a first and paramount lien—

- (a) On every share (not being a fully paid share), for all monies (whether presently payable or not) called, or payable at a fixed time, in respect of that share; and
- (b) On all shares (not being fully paid shares) standing registered in the name of a single person, for all monies presently payable by him or his estate to the company:

Provided that the Board of directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this clause.

- (ii) The company's lien, if any, on a share shall extend to all dividends payable and bonuses declared from time to time in respect of such shares.
- (10) The company may sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares on which the company has a lien:

Provided that no sale shall be made—

- (a) Unless a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable; or
- (b) Until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing stating and demanding payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, has been given to the registered holder for the time being of the share or the person entitled thereto by reason of his death or insolvency.
- (11) (i) To give effect to any such sale, the Board may authorize some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof.
  - (ii) The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer.
  - (iii) The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.
- (12) (i) The proceeds of the sale shall be received by the company and applied in payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable.
  - (ii) The residue, if any, shall, subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale, be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.

## Calls on shares

(13) (i) The Board may, from time to time, make calls upon the members in respect of any monies unpaid on their shares (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times:

Provided that no call shall exceed one-fourth of the nominal value of the share or be payable at less than one month from the date fixed for the payment of the last preceding call.

- (ii) Each member shall, subject to receiving at least fourteen days' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment, pay to the company, at the time or times and place so specified, the amount called on his shares.
- (iii) A call may be revoked or postponed at the discretion of the Board.
- (14) A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorizing the call was passed and may be required to be paid by installments.
- (15) The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.

- (16) (i) If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest thereon from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment at ten per cent. per annum or at such lower rate, if any, as the Board may determine.
  - (ii) The Board shall be at liberty to waive payment of any such interest wholly or in part.
- (17) (i) Any sum which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable on allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, shall, for the purposes of these regulations, be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue such sum becomes payable.
  - (ii) In case of non-payment of such sum, all the relevant provisions of these regulations as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.
- (**18**) The Board—
  - (a) may, if it thinks fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the monies uncalled and unpaid upon any shares held by him; and
  - (b) upon all or any of the monies so advanced, may (until the same would, but for such advance, become presently payable) pay interest at such rate not exceeding, unless the company in general meeting shall otherwise direct, twelve per cent per annum, as may be agreed upon between the Board and the member paying the sum in advance.

## **Transfer of shares**

- (19) (i) The instrument of transfer of any share in the company shall be executed by or on behalf of both the transferor and transferee.
  - (ii) The transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect thereof.
- (20) The Board may, subject to the right of appeal conferred by section 58 declines to register—
  - (a) the transfer of a share, not being a fully paid share, to a person of whom they do not approve; or
  - (b) any transfer of shares on which the company has a lien.
- (21) The Board may decline to recognize any instrument of transfer unless—
  - (a) the instrument of transfer is in the form as prescribed in rules made under sub-section (1) of section 56;
  - (b) the instrument of transfer is accompanied by the certificate of the shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer;
  - (c) the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of shares.
- On giving not less than seven days' previous notice in accordance with section 91 and rules made there under, the registration of transfers may be suspended at such times and for such periods as the Board may from time to time determine:

Provided that such registration shall not be suspended for more than thirty days at any one time or for more than forty-five days in the aggregate in any year.

## Transmission of shares

(23) (i) On the death of a member, the survivor or survivors where the member was a joint holder, and his nominee or nominees or legal representatives where he was a sole holder, shall be the only persons recognized by the company as having any title to his interest in the shares.

- (ii) Nothing in clause (i) shall release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him with other persons.
- (24) (i) Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member may, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time properly be required by the Board and subject as hereinafter provided, elect, either -
  - (a) to be registered himself as holder of the share; or
  - (b) to make such transfer of the share as the deceased or insolvent member could have made.
  - (ii) The Board shall, in either case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as it would have had, if the deceased or insolvent member had transferred the share before his death or insolvency.
- (25) (i) If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered as holder of the share himself, he shall deliver or send to the company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects.
  - (ii) If the person aforesaid shall elect to transfer the share, he shall testify his election by executing a transfer of the share.
  - (iii) All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these regulations relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or insolvency of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer signed by that member.
- (26) A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death or insolvency of the holder shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as a member in respect of the share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the company:

Provided that the Board may, at any time, give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days, the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of the share, until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

## Forfeiture of shares

- (27) If a member fails to pay any call, or installment of a call, on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Board may, at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the call or installment remains unpaid, serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or installment as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued.
- (28) The notice aforesaid shall—
  - (a) name a further day (not being earlier than the expiry of fourteen days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made; and
  - (b) state that, in the event of non-payment on or before the day so named, the shares in respect of which the call was made shall be liable to be forfeited.
- (29) If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may, at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.
- (30) (i) A forfeited share may be sold or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Board thinks fit.

- (ii) At any time before a sale or disposal as aforesaid, the Board may cancel the forfeiture on such terms as it thinks fit.
- (31) (i) A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares, but shall, notwithstanding the forfeiture, remain liable to pay to the company all monies which, at the date of forfeiture, were presently payable by him to the company in respect of the shares.
  - (ii) The liability of such person shall cease if and when the company shall have received payment in full of all such monies in respect of the shares.
- (32) (i) A duly verified declaration in writing that the declarant is a director, the manager or the secretary, of the company, and that a share in the company has been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share;
  - (ii) The company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale or disposal thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of;
  - (iii) The transferee shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the share; and
  - (iv) The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale or disposal of the share.
- (33) The provisions of these regulations as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of nonpayment of any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

## Alteration of capital

- (34) The company may, from time to time, by ordinary resolution increase the share capital by such sum, to be divided into shares of such amount, as may be specified in the resolution.
- (35) Subject to the provisions of section 61, the company may, by ordinary resolution,—
  - (a) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;
  - (b) convert all or any of its fully paid-up shares into stock, and reconvert that stock into fully paid-up shares of any denomination;
  - (c) sub-divide its existing shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the memorandum:
  - (d) cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person.
- (36) Where shares are converted into stock,—
  - (a) the holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same manner as, and subject to the same regulations under which, the shares from which the stock arose might before the conversion have been transferred, or as near thereto as circumstances admit:

Provided that the Board may, from time to time, fix the minimum amount of stock transferable, so, however, that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose.

- (b) the holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, voting at meetings of the company, and other matters, as if they held the shares from which the stock arose; but no such privilege or advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the company and in the assets on winding up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage.
- (c) such of the regulations of the company as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock and the words "share" and "shareholder" in those regulations shall include "stock" and "stock-holder" respectively.
- (37) The company may, by special resolution, reduce in any manner and with, and subject to, any incident authorized and consent required by law,—
  - (a) its share capital;
  - (b) any capital redemption reserve account; or
  - (c) any share premium account.

## Capitalization of profits

- (38) (i) The company in general meeting may, upon the recommendation of the Board, resolve—
  - (a) that it is desirable to capitalize any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the company's reserve accounts, or to the credit of the profit and loss account, or otherwise available for distribution; and
  - (b) that such sum be accordingly set free for distribution in the manner specified in clause (ii) amongst the members who would have been entitled thereto, if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions.
  - (ii) The sum aforesaid shall not be paid in cash but shall be applied, subject to the provision contained in clause
  - (iii), either in or towards—
  - (a) paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively;
  - (b) paying up in full, unissued shares of the company to be allotted and distributed, credited as fully paidup, to and amongst such members in the proportions aforesaid;
  - (c) partly in the way specified in sub-clause (A) and partly in that specified in sub-clause (b);
  - (d) A securities premium account and a capital redemption reserve account may, for the purposes of this regulation, be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to members of the company as fully paid bonus shares;
  - (e) The Board shall give effect to the resolution passed by the company in pursuance of this regulation.
- (39) (i) Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed, the Board shall—
  - (a) make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalized thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares if any; and
  - (b) generally do all acts and things required to give effect thereto.
  - (ii) The Board shall have power—
  - (a) to make such provisions, by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as it thinks fit, for the case of shares becoming distributable in fractions, and
  - (b) to authorize any person to enter, on behalf of all the members entitled thereto, into an agreement with the company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid-up, of any further shares to which they may be entitled upon such capitalization, or as the case may require, for the payment by the company on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportions of profits resolved to be capitalized, of the amount or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares;
  - (iii) Any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on such members.

## Buy-back of shares

(40) Notwithstanding anything contained in these articles but subject to the provisions of sections 68 to 70 and any other applicable provision of the Act or any other law for the time being in force, the company may purchase its own shares or other specified securities.

## **General meetings**

- (41) All general meetings other than annual general meeting shall be called extraordinary general meeting.
- (42) (i) The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, call an extraordinary general meeting.
  - (ii) If at any time directors capable of acting who are sufficient in number to form a quorum are not within India, any director or any two members of the company may call an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which such a meeting may be called by the Board.

## Proceedings at general meetings

- (43) (i) No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business.
  - (ii) Save as otherwise provided herein, the quorum for the general meetings shall be as provided in section 103.
- (44) The chairperson, if any, of the Board shall preside as Chairperson at every general meeting of the company.
- (45) If there is no such Chairperson, or if he is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, or is unwilling to act as chairperson of the meeting, the directors present shall elect one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.
- (46) If at any meeting no director is willing to act as Chairperson or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall choose one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.

#### Adjournment of meeting

- (47) (i) The Chairperson may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present, and shall, if so directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place.
  - (ii) No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.
  - (iii) When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting.
  - (iv) Save as aforesaid, and as provided in section 103 of the Act, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

#### Voting rights

(48) Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares,—
(a) on a show of hands, every member present in person shall have one vote; and

- (b) on a poll, the voting rights of members shall be in proportion to his share in the paid-up equity share capital of the company.
- (49) A member may exercise his vote at a meeting by electronic means in accordance with section 108 and shall vote only once.
- (50) (i) In the case of joint holders, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders.
  - (ii) For this purpose, seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the register of members.
- (51) A member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee or other legal guardian, and any such committee or guardian may, on a poll, vote by proxy.
- (52) Any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be proceeded with, pending the taking of the poll.
- No member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of shares in the company have been paid.
- (54) (i) No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes.
  - (ii) Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the Chairperson of the meeting, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

#### **Proxy**

- (55) The instrument appointing a proxy and the power-of-attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarized copy of that power or authority, shall be deposited at the registered office of the company not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll; and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.
- (56) An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the form as prescribed in the rules made under section 105.
- (57) A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid, notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or the revocation of the proxy or of the authority under which the proxy was executed, or the transfer of the shares in respect of which the proxy is given:

Provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity, revocation or transfer shall have been received by the company at its office before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

#### **Board of Directors**

- (58) The first Directors shall be:
  - 1. MR. RAHUL GAJANAN TENI
  - 2. MRS. RENUKA PRAKASH BHOSALE
  - 3. MR. PARAG PRAMOD KULKARNI

- (59) The number of the directors and the names of the first directors shall be determined in writing by the subscribers of the memorandum or a majority of them.
- (60) (i) The remuneration of the directors shall, in so far as it consists of a monthly payment, be deemed to accrue from day-to-day.
  - (ii) In addition to the remuneration payable to them in pursuance of the Act, the directors may be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them –
  - (a) in attending and returning from meetings of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof or general meetings of the company; or
  - (b) in connection with the business of the company.
- (61) The Board may pay all expenses incurred in getting up and registering the company.
- (62) The company may exercise the powers conferred on it by section 88 with regard to the keeping of a foreign register; and the Board may (subject to the provisions of that section) make and vary such regulations as it may thinks fit respecting the keeping of any such register.
- (63) All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, *hundis*, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for monies paid to the company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed, as the case may be, by such person and in such manner as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine.
- (64) Every director present at any meeting of the Board or of a committee thereof shall sign his name in a book to be kept for that purpose.
- (65) (i) Subject to the provisions of section 149, the Board shall have power at any time, and from time to time, to appoint a person as an additional director, provided the number of the directors and additional directors together shall not at any time exceed the maximum strength fixed for the Board by the articles.
  - (ii) Such person shall hold office only up to the date of the next annual general meeting of the company but shall be eligible for appointment by the company as a director at that meeting subject to the provisions of the Act.

## Proceedings of the Board

- (66) (i) The Board of Directors may meet for the conduct of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings, as it thinks fit.
  - (ii) A director may, and the manager or secretary on the requisition of a director shall, at any time, summon a meeting of the Board.
- (67) (i) Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, questions arising at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes.
  - (ii) In case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson of the Board, if any, shall have a second or casting vote.
- (68) The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board; but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the quorum fixed by the Act for a meeting of the Board, the continuing directors or director may act for the purpose of increasing the number of directors to that fixed for the quorum, or of summoning a general meeting of the company, but for no other purpose.

- (69) (i) The Board may elect a Chairperson of its meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office.
  - (ii) If no such Chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairperson is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the directors present may choose one of their numbers to be Chairperson of the meeting.
- (70) (i) The Board may, subject to the provisions of the Act, delegate any of its powers to committees consisting of such member or members of its body as it thinks fit.
  - (ii) Any committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it by the Board.
- (71) (i) A committee may elect a Chairperson of its meetings.
  - (ii) If no such Chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairperson is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present may choose one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.
- (72) (i) A committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks fit.
  - (ii) Questions arising at any meeting of a committee shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present, and in case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson shall have a second or casting vote.
- (73) All acts done in any meeting of the Board or of a committee thereof or by any person acting as a director, shall, notwithstanding that it may be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any one or more of such directors or of any person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such director or such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a director.
- (74) Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, a resolution in writing, signed by all the members of the Board or of a committee thereof, for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the Board or committee, shall be valid and effective as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Board or committee, duly convened and held.

## **Borrowing Powers**

## (75) **POWER TO BORROW:**

Subject to the provisions of Section 73, 179 and 180 of the Act, the Board may, from time to time at its discretion by a resolution passed at a meeting of the Board, accept deposit from members and generally raise or borrow or secure the repayment of any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company. Provided, however, where the moneys to be borrowed together with the moneys already borrowed (apart from temporary loans obtained from the Company's bankers in the ordinary course of business) exceed the aggregate of the paid up share capital of the Company and its free reserves the Board shall not borrow such moneys without the consent of the Company in General Meeting.

#### 1 PAYMENT OR REPAYMENT OF MONEYS BORROWED

Subject to the provisions of these Articles, the payment or re-payment of moneys borrowed as aforesaid may be secured in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respect as the Board shall prescribe including by the issue of debentures or debentures-stock of the Company, charged upon all or

any part of the property of the Company (both present and future), including its uncalled capital for the time being.

## 2 TERM OF ISSUE OF DEBENTURE

Any debentures, debenture-stock or other securities may be issued at a discount, premium or otherwise and may be issued on condition that they shall be convertible into shares of any denomination and with any privileges and conditions as to redemption, surrender, drawing, allotment of shares, attending (but not voting) at the General Meeting, appointment of Directors and otherwise. Debentures with the right to conversion into or allotment of shares be issued only with the consent of the Company in the General Meeting by a Special Resolution.

## 3 REGISTER OF MORTGAGES ETC. TO BE KEPT

The Board shall cause a proper Register to be kept in accordance with the provisions of Section 85 of the Act of all mortgages, debentures and charges specifically affecting the property of the Company and shall cause the requirements of Section 71, 77 to 85 (both inclusive) of the Act in that behalf to be duly complied with, so far as the same are required to be complied with by the Board.

## 4 REGISTER AND INDEX OF DEBENTURE-HOLDERS

The Company shall, if at any time it issues debentures, keep a Register and index of Debenture-holders in accordance with Section 88 the Act. The Company shall have the power to keep in any state or country outside India or at any branch, the Register of debenture-holders resident in that State or Country.

## 5 CERTAIN POWERS OF THE BOARD

- **a** Without prejudice to the general powers conferred by the last preceding Article and so as not in any way to limit or restrict those powers, and without prejudice to the other powers conferred by these Articles, but subject to the restrictions contained in the last preceding article, it is hereby declared that the board shall have the following powers, that it to say, power-
- i. to pay and charge to the capital account of the Company any commission or interest lawfully payable thereon under the provisions of Sections 40 of the Act;
- ii. subject to the Sections 179, 180 and 188 of the Act, to purchase or otherwise acquire for the company any property, rights or privileges which the company is authorised to acquire, at or for such price or consideration and generally on such terms and conditions as they may think fit; and in any such purchase or other acquisition, to accept such title as the Board may believe or may be advised to be reasonably satisfactory;
- iii. at their discretion and subject to the provisions of the Act, to pay for any property, rights or privileges acquired by or services rendered to the Company, either wholly or partially, in cash or in shares, bonds debentures, mortgages or other securities of the Company, and any such shares may be issued either as fully paid up or with such amount credited as paid up thereon as may be agreed upon; and any such bonds, debentures, mortgages or other securities may be either specifically charged upon all or any part of the property of the company and its uncalled capital or not so charged;
- iv. To secure the fulfilment of any contracts or engagements entered into by the company by mortgage or charge of all or any of the property of the Company and its uncalled capital for the time being or in such manner as they may think fit;

- v. To appoint any person to accept and hold in trust for the company any property belonging to the company, in which it is interested, or for any other purposes; and to execute and do all such deeds and things as may be required in relating to any such trust, and to provide for the remuneration of such trustee or trustees.
- vi. To open an account or accounts with such Bank or Banks as the Board may select or appoint and to operate on account, subject to Section 179 of the Act and to determine who shall be entitled to sign, draw, accept, endorse or otherwise execute on the Company's behalf bills, notices, receipts, acceptances, endorsements, cheques, releases, contracts and documents.
- vii. From time to time to provide for the management of the affairs of the Company in such manner as they think fit, and in particular, to appoint any person to be the attorneys or agents of the Company with such powers (including power to sub-delegate) and upon such terms as may be thought fit.
- viii. To institute, conduct, defend, compound or abandon any legal proceedings by or against the company or its officers, or otherwise concerning the affairs of the company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due, and for any claims or demands by or against the Company and to refer any differences to arbitration, and observe and perform any awards made thereon;
  - ix. To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents;
  - x. To make and give receipts, releases and other discharges for moneys payable to the company and for the claims and demands of the Company;
  - xi. Subject to provisions of Sections 179, 180,181,185of the Act, to invest and deal with any moneys of the Company not immediately required for the purpose thereof, upon such security (not being shares of this company) or without security and in such manner as they think fit, and from time to time, to vary and realise such investments, save as provided in Section 187 of the Act, all investments shall be made and held in the Company's own name;
- xii. To execute in the name and on behalf of the company in favour of any person who may incur or be about to incur any personal liability, whether as principal or surety, for the benefit of the Company, such mortgages of the Company's property (present and future) as they think fit; and any such mortgage may contain a power of sale and such other powers, provisions, covenants and agreements as shall be agreed upon;
- xiii. To determine from time to time, who shall be entitled to sign, on the Company's behalf bills, notes, receipts, acceptances, endorsements, cheques, dividend warrants, releases, contracts and documents and to give the necessary authority for such purpose;
- xiv. To insure and keep against loss or fire, if deemed expedient by the Directors for such period and to such extent as they may think proper, all or any part of the buildings, machinery, goods, stores, produce and other articles of the Company either separately or co-jointly also to insure all or any portion of the goods, produce, machinery and other articles imported and exported by the Company, and to sell, assign, surrender or discontinue any policies or assurance, effected in pursuance of this power.
- xv. To distribute by way of bonus amongst the staff of the company a share or shares in the profits of the company, and to give to any officer or other person employed by the company a commission on the profits of any particular business or transaction; and to charge such bonus or commission as part of the working expenses of the Company;
- xvi. To provide for the welfare of the employees or ex-employees of the company and their spouses, and families or the dependents or connections of such persons, by building or contributing to the building of houses, dwellings or chawls, by or grants of money, pension gratuities, allowances, bonus or other payments, or by creating and from time to time, subscribing or contributing to provident and other

associations, institutions, funds, or trusts and by providing or subscribing or contributing towards places of instruction and recreation, hospitals and dispensaries, medical and other attendance and other assistance as the Board shall think fit; and subject to Section 181 to subscribe or contribute or otherwise to assist or to guarantee money to charitable, benevolent, religious, scientific, national or other institutions or objects, which shall have any moral or other claim to support or aid by the Company, either by reason of locality of operation, or of public and general utility or otherwise;

- xvii. Before recommending any dividend, to set aside, out of the profits of the Company such sums as they may think proper for depreciation or to Depreciation Fund, or to an Insurance Fund, or as a Reserve Fund or Sinking Fund or any special Fund to meet contingencies or to repay debentures or debenture-stock, or for special dividends or for equalizing dividends or for repairing, improving, extending and maintaining any of the property of the Company and for such other purposes (including the purposes referred to in the preceding clause), as the Board may, in their absolute discretion, think conducive to the interests of the Company, and subject to Section 179 of the Act, to invest the several sums so set aside or so much thereof as required to be invested, upon such investments (other than shares of the Company) as they may think fit, and from time to time to deal with and vary such investments and dispose of and apply and expend all or any part thereof for the benefit of the Company, in such manner and for such purposes as the Board in their absolute discretion, think conducive to the interests of the Company, notwithstanding that the matters to which the Board apply or upon which they expend the same, or any part thereof, may be matters to or upon which the capital moneys of the Company might rightly be applied or expended; and to divide the Reserve Fund into such special funds as the Board may think fit, with full power to transfer the whole or any portion, of a Reserve Fund or division of a Reserve Fund to another Reserve Fund or division of a Reserve Fund and with full power to employ the assets constituting all or any of the above funds, including the Depreciation Fund in the business of the Company or in the purchase or repayment of debentures or debenture-stock, and without being bound to keep the same separate from the other assets and without being bound to pay interest on the same with the power, however to the Board at their discretion to pay or allow to the credit of such funds, interest at such rate as the Board may think proper.
- xviii. To appoint, re-appoint and at their discretion remove or suspend such general managers, managers, secretaries, employees or officers, assistants, supervisors, clerks, agents, and servants for permanent, temporary or special services as they may from time to time think fit, and to determine their powers and duties, and fix their salaries, wages or emoluments or remuneration, and to require security in such instances and to such amount as they may think fit; and also from time to time to provide for the management and transaction of the affairs of the Company in any specified locality in India or elsewhere in such manner as they think fit; and the provisions contained in the four next following sub-clauses shall have effect without prejudice to the general powers conferred by this sub-clause;
- xix. To comply with the requirements of any local law, which in their opinion it shall in the interests of the Company be necessary or expedient to comply with;
- xx. From time to time and at any time, to establish any committee of officer(s) for managing any of the affairs of the Company in any specified locality in India or elsewhere and to appoint any persons to be Members of such committee, and to fix their remuneration;
- xxi. Subject to Section 179 of the Act, from time to time, and at any time to delegate to any committee of directors, the managing director, the manager or any other principal officer of the company or in the case of a branch office of the company, the principal officer of the branch office, any of the powers, authorities and discretions for the time being vested in the Board, other than their power as mentioned in the aforesaid section, and to act notwithstanding vacancies; and any such appointment or delegation may be made on such terms and subject to such conditions as the Board may think fit, and the Board may at any time remove any person so appointed, and may annul or vary such delegation;

- xxii. At any time and from time to time by Power of Attorney under the Seal of the Company, to appoint any person or persons to be the Attorney or Attorneys of the Company, for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretion (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Board under these presents and excluding the power to make calls and excluding also except in their limits authorised by the Board the power to make loans and borrow moneys) and for such period and subject to such conditions as the Board may from time to time think fit; and any such Power of Attorney may contain such powers for the protection or convenience of persons dealings with such Attorneys as the Board may think fit, and may contain powers enabling any such delegates or attorneys as aforesaid to sub-delegate all or any of the powers authorities and discretions for the time being vested in them;
- xxiii. Subject to Section 184 and 188 of the Act, for or in relation to any of the matters aforesaid or otherwise for the purposes of the Company, to enter into all such negotiations and contracts and rescind and vary all such contracts, and execute and do all such acts, deeds and things in the name and on behalf of the Company as they may consider expedient;
- xxiv. From time to time, to make, vary and repeal bye-laws, for the regulation of the business of the Company, its officers and servants.
- xxv. On behalf of the Company, institute, prosecute, and defend all such actions and suits either at law or in equity as may, in the opinion of the Directors, be necessary or proper and to compromise or submit to arbitration, the said actions and suits as they may in their discretion expedite. The Directors for the time being or any person duly authorised by them being hereby empowered to make, give, sign, and execute all and every warrant, to sue, or defend, on behalf of the Company, and all and every submission to arbitration as may be requisite; and for the purposes aforesaid, the Board of Directors shall be empowered to use their names on behalf of the Company or the name or names of any other person or persons connected with the Company and such Director or Directors, or such persons whose names shall be so used, shall be saved harmless and indemnified, out of the funds and property of the Company, from all costs and damages which he or they may incur or be liable to by reason of his or their names being so used as aforesaid and such person and persons shall do nothing to prevent the Board of Directors from effectually conducting and bringing to an issue any such action or suit.
- xxvi. To refer any dispute to arbitration, to compromise any debt or claim, and to give time to any debtor for payment of his debt.
- xxvii. To use or apply moneys standing to the credit of the said accounts in or towards the objects for which the said accounts are respectively opened, together with any interest that may have accumulated thereon or for the purpose of equalizing dividends and meeting contingencies or for the purpose of carrying on the general business of the Company, and, in the later case, to pay to the credit of the several accounts, interest at such rates as the Directors may think proper. Whenever the Directors may think fit, they can invest the whole or any part of the funds which may from time to time stand to the credit of the said several accounts in such manner as the Directors think fit, and to sell and vary from time to time and to apply proceeds of any such sale in a manner aforesaid or to re-invest the same as the Directors may deem expedient.
- xxviii. To authorise and empower the Chairman or the Managing Director or the Manager and other officer for the time being, of the Company, or such other person or persons as the Directors may think fit to exercise and perform all or any of the powers, authorities and duties conferred or imposed upon the Directors by these presents.
- xxix. To let, mortgage, charge, sell or otherwise dispose off, subject to the provisions of Section 180 of the Act, any property of the Company either absolutely or conditionally and in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as they think fit and to accept payment in satisfaction of the same in cash or otherwise.

- xxx. To enter into all such negotiations and contracts and to make all the necessary arrangements and to rescind and vary all such contracts and execute and do all such acts, deeds and things, in the name of the Company as they may consider expedient for and in relation to any of the matters aforesaid for the purpose of the Company.
- xxxi. To give to any person employed by the Company, a commission on the profits of any particular business or transactions of a share in the general profits of the Company, and such commissions, or share of profits shall be treated as parts of the working expenses of the Company.
- xxxii. To subscribe or contribute or otherwise to assist, to guarantee money to public, and any other institutions, funds, objects or purposes, which in the opinion of the Board of Directors are likely to promote the interests of the business of the Company or to further its objects and/or to charitable and other funds not directly relating to the business of the Company or the welfare of its employees or for any exhibition.
- xxxiii. Settle the forms, proposals and declarations and all other documents to be used in the business of the Company.
- xxxiv. To consider, pay and settle claims.
- xxxv. To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to Arbitration and observe and perform the awards.
- xxxvi. And generally to do, sanction and authorise all such matters and things as may be necessary to be done in and about conducting the affairs of the Company or carrying into effect all or any of the objects or powers of the Company as expressed in the Memorandum of Association, or in and about the execution of all or any of the powers herein before conferred upon the Directors.
  - b In case of a deadlock or impasse on any item of business at a meeting of the Board of Directors or shareholders, the Parties shall use their best endeavours bonafide to resolve the impasse or deadlock. In the event, the Parties cannot succeed in resolving the impasse or deadlock, neither Party shall take any precipitate action which will adversely affect or hamper in any manner the operations of the Company. The Parties shall refer the deadlock or impasse to their respective chief executive officers (by whatever name called) to resolve the deadlock or impasse. In case the respective chief executive officers cannot resolve the deadlock or impasse within a period of 180 days from the date the deadlock or impasse is referred to them, the Company shall not implement the item of business under deadlock or impasse. Either Party will be free to request the Board of Directors of the Company to consider the item of business under deadlock or dispute after a period of 365 days from the date the deadlock or dispute has arisen.
  - **c** Subject to Section 179 of the Act, the Board may delegate all or any of its powers to any Directors jointly or severally or to anyone Director or a Committee of Directors or to any other person at their discretion.
  - **d** The Board may appoint a person to be in charge of day to day operations of the Company. The person so appointed may be designated as General Manager / Manager (by whatever name called). The duties, powers and job description of the General Manager / Manager shall be decided by the Board from time to time. Any change in terms and conditions of appointment and remuneration of the General Manager shall be approved by the Board.

## Chief Executive Officer, Manager, Company Secretary or Chief Financial Officer

(76) Subject to the provisions of the Act.—

(i) A chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer may be appointed by the Board for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may thinks fit; and any chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer so appointed may be removed by means of a resolution of the Board;

- (ii) A director may be appointed as chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer.
- (77) A provision of the Act or these regulations requiring or authorising a thing to be done by or to a director and chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as director and as, or in place of, chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer.

#### The Seal

- (78) (i) The Board shall provide for the safe custody of the seal.
  - (ii) The seal of the company shall not be affixed to any instrument except by the authority of a resolution of the Board or of a committee of the Board authorized by it in that behalf, and except in the presence of at least two directors and of the secretary or such other person as the Board may appoint for the purpose; and those two directors and the secretary or other person aforesaid shall sign every instrument to which the seal of the company is so affixed in their presence.

## **Dividends and Reserve**

- (79) The company in general meeting may declare dividends, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board.
- (80) Subject to the provisions of section 123, the Board may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to it to be justified by the profits of the company.
- (81) (i) The Board may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the company such sums as it thinks fit as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the Board, be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the company may be properly applied, including provision for meeting contingencies or for equalizing dividends; and pending such application, may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the company) as the Board may, from time to time, thinks fit.
  - (ii) The Board may also carry forward any profits which it may consider necessary not to divide, without setting them aside as a reserve.
- (82) (i) Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to shares with special rights as to dividends, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares in respect whereof the dividend is paid, but if and so long as nothing is paid upon any of the shares in the company, dividends may be declared and paid according to the amounts of the shares.
  - (ii) No amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of this regulation as paid on the share.
  - (iii) All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date such share shall rank for dividend accordingly.
- (83) The Board may deduct from any dividend payable to any member all sums of money, if any, presently payable by him to the company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to the shares of the company.

- (84) (i) Any dividend, interest or other monies payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post directed to the registered address of the holder or, in the case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders who is first named on the register of members, or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct.
  - (ii) Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent.
- (85) Any one of two or more joint holders of a share may give effective receipts for any dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of such share.
- (86) Notice of any dividend that may have been declared shall be given to the persons entitled to share therein in the manner mentioned in the Act.
- (87) No dividend shall bear interest against the company.

#### Accounts

- (88) (i) The Board shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and books of the company, or any of them, shall be open to the inspection of members not being directors.
  - (ii) No member (not being a director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the company except as conferred by law or authorised by the Board or by the company in general meeting.

## Winding up

- (89) Subject to the provisions of Chapter XX of the Act and rules made there under
  - (i) If the company shall be wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide amongst the members, in specie or kind, the whole or any part of the assets of the company, whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not.
  - (ii) For the purpose aforesaid, the liquidator may set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members.
  - (iii) The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories if he considers necessary, but so that no member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities whereon there is any liability.

## **Indemnity**

(90) Every officer of the company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in which relief is granted to him by the court or the Tribunal.

We, the several persons, whose names and addresses are subscribed below, are desirous of being formed into a company in pursuance of this Article of Association.

S.No	NAME AND ADDRESS, DESCRIPTION, OCCUPATION AND ADDRESS OF EACH SUBSCRIBER	SIGNATURE OF THE SUBSCRIBER	NAME AND ADDRESS, DESCRIPTION, OCCUPATION AND ADDRESS OF WITNESS
3.	Mr. Rahul Grajanan Tenii. Flat 4, Prathamesh Plotno All Sector - 27 Pradhikaran, Pune Allo 49 Occupation: Business.  Mr. Panag Poumod Kulkanni Flat No.3, Poathmesh, Plot No. 411, Sector 27, Poodhikaran - Pune - 44 Occupation - Business Renuka Grakush Chosale Plut No. 182, "Pradhmesh" Plut No. 182, "Pradhmesh" Plut No. 411, Sector - 27 Plut No. 411, Sector - 27 Plut No. 411, Sector - 27 Pradhikanni, Nigdi Prine - 4d Occ - Business.	Rear of Market	Subscribes who have subscribed Psigned in my presence on stills of Pure, further I have identify details for their identify details for their identification rest culars as filled in "Name-Poojg P Nahor Dlo-Popatal M Nahar Add: C2-8, Oxford Comfort Salunkhe Vilvar Road, Intanawadi, Pune-40 Occupation-Business  Poojg.
L			

DATE-5.6.15 PLACE : PUNE